This sermon is called the al-Gharra and it is one of the most wonderful sermons of Amīr al-mu'minin.

Praise be to Allāh who is High above all else, and is Near (the creation) through His bounty. He is the Giver of all reward and distinction, and Dispeller of all calamities and hardships. I praise Him for His continuous mercy and His copious bounties. I believe in Him as He is the First of all and He is Manifest. I seek guidance from Him as He is Near and is the Guide. I seek His succour as He is Mighty and Subduer. I depend upon Him as He is Sufficer and Supporter.

And I stand witness that Muḥammad (blessing of Allāh be on him and his progeny) is His slave and His Prophet. He sent him for enforcement of His commends, for exhausting His pleas and for presenting warnings (against eternal punishment).

[Enjoining people to Piety] O creatures of Allāh I advise you to have fear of Allāh Who has furnished illustrations and Who has timed for you your lives. He has given you covering of dress [1] and He has scattered for you livelihood. He has surrounded you with His knowledge. He has ordained rewards. He has bestowed upon you vast bounties and extensive gifts. He has warned you through far reaching arguments, and He has counted you by numbers. He has fixed for you ages (to live) in this place of test and house of instruction. You are on test in this world and have to render account about it.

[التنفير من الدنيا] فَإِنَّ الدُّنْيَا رَنقِ مَشْرَبُهَا، رَدغٌ مَشْرَعُهَا، يُونِقُ مَنْظَرُهَا، وَيُوبِقُ مَخْبَرُهَا، غُرُورٌ حَائِلٌ، وَضُوْءٌ آفِلٌ، وَظُلِّ زائِلٌ، وَسَنَا دُ مَاثِلٌ، حَتَّى إِذَا أَنس نَافَرُهَا، وَاطْمَأَنَّ نَاكِرُهَا، قَمَصَتْ بِأَرْجُلِهَا، وقَنَصَتْ بِأَحْبُلُها، وأَقْصَدَتْ بِأَسْهُمهَا، وأَعْلَقتِ الْمَرْءَ أَوْهَاقَ الْمَنِيَّةَ قَائِدَةً لَهُ إِلِي ضَنْكَ الْمَضْجَع، ووَحْشَة الْمَرْجع، ومُعَايَنَة الْمَرْجع، ومُعَايَنَة الْمَرْبِع، ومُعَايَنَة الْمَرْبِع، ومُعَايَنَة الْمَرْبع أَلُونُ مِثَالًا، ويَمْضُونَ أَرْسَالًا، إِلَى غَايَةِ الْانْتِهَاء، وَصَيُّورِ الْفَنَاء. [Caution against this world] Certainly this world is a dirty watering place and a muddy source of drinking. Its appearance is attractive and its inside is destructive. It is a changeable deception, a vanishing reflection and a bent pillar. When its despiser begins to like it and he who is not acquainted with it feels satisfied with it, then it raises and puts down its feet (in joy), entraps him in its trap, makes him the target of its arrows and puts round his neck the rope of death taking him to the narrow grave and fearful abode in order to show him his place of stay and the recompense of his acts. This goes on from generation to generation. Neither death stops from cutting them asunder nor do the survivors keep aloof from committing of sins. They are emulating each other and proceeding in groups towards the final objective and the rendezvous of death,

[بعد الموت البعث] حَدَّى إِذَا تَصَرَّمَتِ الْأُمُورُ وَتَقَضَّتِ الدَّهُورُ وَأَزِفَ النَّسُورُ أَخْرَجَهُمْ مِنْ ضَرَاتِح الْقُبُورِ وَأُوكَارِ الطَّيُورِ وَأَوْجَرَةِ السِّباعِ وَمَطَارِحِ الْمُهَالِكِ سِرَاعاً إِلَى أَمْرِهِ مُهُطْعِينَ إِلَى مَعا ده رَعيلا صُمُوتاً قِياماً صُفُوفاً يَنْفَذَهُمُ الْبُصَرُ وَيُسْمِعُهُمُ الدَّاعِي عَلَيْهِمَ لَبُوسِ الْاَسْتَكَانَةَ وَضَرَعُ الاَسْتَسُلامِ وَالذَّلَةَ قَدْ ضَلَّتِ الْحَيلُ وَانْقَطَعَ الْأَمَلُ وَهَوَتِ الْأَفْئِدَةُ كَاظِمَةَ وَخَشَعَت الْأَ صُواتُ مُهَيْنِمَةً وَأَلْجَمَ الْعَرَقُ وَعَظُمَ الشَّفَقُ وَأَرْعِدَتَ الْأَسْمَاعُ لِزَبْرَةِ الدَّاعِي إِلَى فَصْلُ الْخَطَابِ وَمُقَايِضَةً الْجُزَاءِ وَنَكَالِ الْعِقَابِ وَنُوالِ الدَّوابِ.

[Resurrection after Death] Till when matters come to a close, the world dies and resurrection draws near. Allāh [2] would take them out from the corners of the graves, the nests of birds, the dens of beasts and the centres of death. They hasten towards His command and run towards the place fixed for their final return group by group, quiet, standing and arrayed in rows. They will be within Allāh's sight and will hear every one who would call them. They would be having the dress of helplessness and covering of submission and indignity. (At this time) contrivances would disappear, desires would be cut, hearts would sink quietly, voices would be curbed down, sweat would choke the throat, fear would increase and ears would resound with the thundering voice of the announcer calling towards the final judgement, award of recompense, striking of punishment and paying of reward.

[تنبيه الخلقِ] عِبَادٌ مَخْلُوقُونَ اقْتدَاراً ومَرْبُوبُونَ اقْتسَاراً ومَقْبُوضُونَ احْتضَاراً وَمُضَمَّ يُونَ أَجْدَاثِاً وَكَائِنُونَ رُفَاتاً وَمَبْعُوثُونَ أَفْرا داً وَمَدينُونَ جَزَاءً وَمُمَدَّرُونَ حِسَاباً قَدْ أُمْهِلُوا فِي طَلَبِ الْمَخْرَجِ وَهُدُوا سَبِيلَ الْمَنْهَجِ وَعُمْ رُوا مَهِلِ الْمُسْتَعْتِبِ وَكُشْفِتْ عَنْهُمْ سُدَفُ الرِّيَبِ وَخُدُّوا لِمِضْمَارِ الْجِيَادِ وَرَوِيَّةٍ الارْتِيَادِ وَأَنَاةٍ الْمُقْتَبِسِ الْمُرْتَادِ فِي مُدَّةٍ الْأَجَلِ ومُضْطَرِبِ الْمُهَلِ.

[The limitation of Life] People have been created as a proof of (His) power, have been brought up with authority, they are made to die through pangs, and placed in graves where they turn into crumbs. Then they would be resurrected one by one, awarded their recompense and would have to account for their actions, each one separately. They had been allowed time to seek deliverance, had been shown the right path and had been allowed to live and seek favours, the darkness of doubts

had been removed, and they had been let free in this period of life as a training place in order to make preparation for the race on the Day of Judgement, to search for the objective with thoughtfulness, to get time necessary to secure benefits and provide for the next place of stay.

[فضل التذكير] فَيَا لَهَا أَمْثَالًا صَائبَةً وَمَوَاعِظَ شَافيَةً لَوْ صَا دَفَتْ قُلُوباً زَاكِيَةً وَأَسْمَاعاً وَاعِيَةً وَآراً ءً عَازِمَةً وَأَلْبَابِاً حَازِمَةً فَادَّقُوا اللَّهَ تَقَيَّةً مَنْ سَمِعَ فَخَشَعَ وَاقْتَرَفَ فَاعْتَرَفَ وَوَجَلَ فَعَمَلَ وِحَا ذَرَ فَبَا دَرَ وَأَيْقَنَ فَأَحْسَنَ وَعُدِّرَ فَاعْتَبَرِ وَحُدِّرَ فَحَذَرَ وَرُجُرَ فَازْ دَجَرَ وَأَيْقَنَ فَأَحْسَنَ وَعُدِّرَ وَعُدَّرَ وَحُدَّرَ وَعُدَّرَ وَأَيْقَ وَأَعُ فَا اللَّهُ وَقَدَّمَ وَأَكِي فَأَسْرِعَ طَالِباً وَنَجَا هَارِباً فَأَفَا دَ ذَخِيرَةً وَأَطَابِ سَرِيرَةً وَعَمَّرَ مَعَاداً وَا سَتَظْهَرَ زَاداً لِيَوْمَ رَحِيلِهِ وَوَجْهِ سَبِيلِهِ وَحَالٍ حَاجَتِهِ وَمُوطِنِ فَاقَتِهِ وَقَدَّمَ أَمَامَهُ لِدَارِ مَقَامِهِ.

[No happiness without Piety] How appropriate are these illustrations and effective admonitions provided they are received by pure hearts, open ears, firm views and sharp wits. Fear Allāh like him who listened (good advice) and bowed before it, when he committed sin he admitted it, when he felt fear he acted virtuously, when he apprehended he hastened (towards good acts), when he believed he performed virtuous acts, when he was asked to take lesson (from the happenings of this world) he did take the lesson, when he was asked to desist he abstained (from evil), when he responded to the call (of Allāh) he leaned (towards him), when he turned back (to evil) he repented, when he followed he almost imitated and when he was shown (the right path) he saw it. Such a man was busy in search of truth and got rid (of the worldly evils) by running away. He collected provision (of good acts) for himself, purified his inner self, built for the next world, and took with himself provision for the day of his departure, keeping in view his journey, his requirement and the position of his need. He sent ahead of him for the abode of his stay (in the next world).

فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ عِبَادَ اللَّهِ جِهَةَ مَا خَلَقَكُمْ لَهُ وَاحْذَرُوا مِنْهُ كُنْهَ مَا حَدَّرَكُمْ مِنْ نَفْسِهِ وَاسْتَحِقُّوا مِنْهُ مَا أَعَدَّ لَكُمْ بِالتَّنَجُّزِ لِصِدْقِ مِيعَادِهِ والْحذرِ مِنْ هُوْلِ مِعَادِهِ.

O creatures of Allāh, fear Allāh keeping in view the reason why He created you and be afraid of Him to the extent He has advised you to do. Make yourself deserve what He has promised you, by having confidence in the truth of His promise and entertaining fear for the Day of Judgement.

ومنها [التذكير بِضروبِ النعم] جَعَلَ لَكُمْ أَ سْمَاعاً لَتَعِيَ مَا عَنَاهَا، وَأَبْصَاراً لِتَجْلُو عَنْ عَشَاهَا، وَأَ شْلاَءً جَامِعَةً لاعْضَائِهَا، مُلاَئِمَةً لاحْنَائِهَا في ترْكيبِ صُورِهَا، ومُدد عُمُرِها، بِأَبْدان قَائِمَة بِأَرْفَاقِها، وقُلُوب رائِدة لارْزَاقِها، في مُجَلِّلات نِعَمِه، ومُوجَبَاتِ مِنَنِه، وحَواجَزِ عَافَيَتِهِ.

[A part of the same sermon Reminding people of Allāh's bounties] He has made for you ears to preserve what is important, eyes to have sight in place of blindness and

limbs which consist of many (smaller) parts, whose curves are in proportion with the moulding of their shapes and lengths of their ages, and also bodies that are sustaining themselves and hearts that are busy in search of their food, besides other big bounties, obliging bestowings and fortresses of safety.

وَقَدَّرَ لَكُمْ أَعْمَاراً سَتَرَهَا عَنْكُمْ، وَخَلَّفَ لَكُمْ عَبَراً مِنْ آثَارِ الْمَاضِينَ قَبْلَكُمْ، مِنْ مُسْتَمْتَع خَلاَقِهِمْ، وَمُسْتَفْسَح خَنَاقِهِمْ. أَرْهَقَتْهُمُ الْمَنَايَا دُونَ الاُمَال، وَ شِذَّبِهِمْ عَنْهَا تَخرُّمُ الاُجَال، لَمْ يَمْهِدُوا فِي سَلامَة الاَبْدَان، ولَمْ يَعْتَبِرُوا فِي أَنُفَ الاْوان. فَهَلْ يَنْتَظُرُ أَهْلُ بَضَاضة الشَّبَابِ إِلاَّ حَوانِي الْهِرَمِ؟ وأَهْلُ عَضَارَة الصِّحَة إِلاَّ نَوازِلِ السَّقَمِ؟ وأَهْلُ مُدَّة الْبَقَاء إِلاَّ آوَنَة الْفَنَاء؟ مع قُرْبِ الزِّيَال، وأُزُوفِ الشَّبَاب إِلاَّ حَوانِي الْهَرَمِ؟ وأَهْلُ عَضَارِة الصَّحَة إِلاَّ نَوازِلِ السَّقَمَ؟ وأَهْلُ مُدَّة والْقُرْبَاء، وآلاَقْرَباء، وآلاَقْرَباء، وآلاَقْرَباء، وآلاَقْرَاء!

He has fixed for you ages that are not known to you. He has retained for you remains of the past people for your instruction. Those people enjoyed themselves fully and were completely unhampered. Death overtook them before (satisfaction of) their desires, from which the hands of death separated them. They did not provide for themselves during health of their bodies, and did not take lesson during pendency of youth. Are these people who are in youth waiting for the back-bending old age, and those enjoying fresh health waiting for ailments, and these living persons looking for the hour of death? When the hour of departure would be close and the journey at hand, with pangs of grief an trouble, suffering of sorrows and suffocation of saliva, and the time would arrive for calling relations and friends for help and changing sides on the bed.

فَهَلْ دَفَعَتِ الْأَقَارِبُ، أَوْ نَفَعَتِ النَّوَاحِبُ؟ وَقَدْ غُودِرَ فِي مَحَلَّة الْأُمُواتِ رَهِيناً، وَفِي ضِيقِ الْمَضْجَعِ وَحِيداً، قَدْ هَتَكَتِ الْهُوامُ جِلْدَتَهُ، وَأَبْلَتِ الذَّوَاهِكُ جِدَّتَهُ، وَعَفَتِ الْعُواَ صَفُ آثَارَهُ، وَمَحاً الْحَدَثَانُ مَعَالِمَهُ، وَصَارَتِ الْاجْسادُ شَحِبةً بَعْدَ بَضَ يَعْدَ بَقْلَ أَعْبَائِهَا مُوقِنَةً بَغَيْبِ أَنْبائِها، لاَ تُسْتَزَادُ مِنْ صَالِح عَمَلَها، وَلاَ تُسْتَعْتَبُ مِنْ سِي ۗ آَءِ زَلَلِها أَ وَلَسْتُم أَبْناءَ الْقَوْمِ وَالاَرْوَاحُ مُرْبَهِنَةً بِثَقَلَ أَعْبَائِها مُوقِنَةً بَغَيْبِ أَنْبائِها، لاَ تُسْتَزَادُ مِنْ صَالِح عَمَلَها، وَلاَ تُسْتَعْتَبُ مِنْ سِي ۗ آَءِ زَلَلِها أَ وَلَسْتُم أَبْناء الْقَوْمِ وَالاَبْاء، وَإِخُوانِهُمْ وَالأَوْرِبَاء ؟ تَحْتَذُونَ أَمْثَلَتَهُمْ، وَتَرْكَبُونَ قَدَّ تَهُمَ، وَيَطُؤُونَ جَادَ تَهُمْ؟! فَالْقُلُوبُ قَاسِيَةٌ عَنْ حَظَّها، لاَهِيةٌ عَنْ رَضُمارِها! كَأَنَّ الْمَعْنِيَّ سَوِاها، وكَأَنَّ الرُّ شُد في إحْرازِ دُنْياها.

Could then the near ones stop death, or the mourning women do any good? He would rather be left alone in the graveyard confined to the narrow corner of his grave. His skin has been pierced all over by retiles, and his freshness has been destroyed by these tribulation. Storms have removed his traces and calamities have obliterated even his signs. Fresh bodies have turned thin and withered and bones have become rotten. The spirits are burdened with the weight of sins and have become conscious of the unknown things. But now neither the good acts can be added to nor evil acts can be atoned for by repentance. Are you not sons, fathers, brothers and relations of these dead and are not to follow their footsteps and pass by their paths? But hearts are still unmoved, heedless of guidance and moving on wrong lines, as though the addressee is someone else, and as though

the correct way is to amass worldly gains.

[التحذير من هول الصراط] وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ مَجَازَكُمْ عَلَي الصِّراطِ وَمَزَالِقِ دَحْضِه، وأَهَاوِيل زِللِ ه، وِتَارَاتِ أَهْوَاله؛ فَاتَّقُوا اللهُ تَقِيَّةَ ذِي لَبِّ شَغِلَ التَّهَكُرُ وَلَلْبَهُ، وَأَنْصِبَ الْخَوْفُ بَدَنَهُ، وِأَ سُهِر التَّهَجُدُ غَرار نَوْمِه، وأَظْمَأَ الرَّجَاءُ هواجر يوْمِه، وَظَلَفَ الزَّهْدُ شَهُواتِه، وَقُوجُفُ اللهُ عَلَيْ بِلْسَانِه، وَقَدَّمُ الْخُوْفُ لِإَمَانِه، وَتَنكَّب الْمخالِجَ عَنْ وضِحَ السَّبِيل، و سَلَكَ أَقْصَدُ المَسَالِكَ إِلَى الذَّهُجِ الْمطْلُوبِ؛ وَلَمْ تَفْعُ وَلَمْ تَعْمَ عَلَيْهِ مُشْتَبِهَاتُ الاَّمُورِ، ظَافِراً بِفَرْحَةِ الْبُشْرَى، وَرَاحَةِ الذَّعْمَى، في أَنْعَمَ نَوْمِهِ، وآمَنِ يَوْمِهِ.

[Preparation for the Day of Judgement] And know that you have to pass over the path way (of sirāṭ) where steps waver, feet slip away and there are fearful dangers at every step. O creatures of Allāh, fear Allāh, like the fearing of wise man whom the thought (of next world) has turned away from other matters, fear (of Allāh) has afflicted his body with trouble and pain, his engagement in the night prayer has turned even his short sleep into awakening, hope (of eternal recompense) keeps him thirsty in the day, abstention has curbed his desires, and remembrance of Allāh is ever moving his tongue. He entertains fear before dangers. He avoids uneven ways in favour of clear ones. He follows the shortest route to secure his purpose, wishfulness does not twist his thinking and ambiguities do not blind his eyes. He enjoys deep sleep and passes his day happily because of the happiness of good tidings and pleasure of (eternal bounties).

قَدْ عَبَرَ مَعْبَرَ الْعَاجِلَةِ حَمِيداً، وَقَدَّمَ زَا دَ الاْجِلَةِ سَعِيداً، وَبَا دَرَ مِنْ وَجَل، وَأَكْمَشَ فِي مَهِل، وَرَغِبَ فِي طَلَب، وَ ذَهَبَ عَنْ هَرَب، وَرَقَبَ فِي عَقْرَ فَكُمَ بِاللّهِ مُنْتَقِماً وَلَعَى بِاللّهِ مُنْتَقِماً وَنَصِيراً! وكَفَى بِالكِتَابِ حَجيجاً وَخَصِيماً.

He passes the pathway of this world in praiseworthy manner. He reaches the next world with virtues. He hastens (towards virtue) out of fear (for vice). He removes briskly during the short time (of life in this world). He devotes himself in seeking (eternal good), he runs away from evil. During today he is mindful of tomorrow, and keeps the future in his view. Certainly Paradise is the best reward and achievement, which hell is appropriate punishment and suffering. Allāh is the best Avenger and Helper and the Qur'ān is the best argument and confronter.

[Warning against Satan] I enjoin upon you fear of Allāh Who has left no excuse against what He has warned, has exhausted argument (of guidance) about the (right) path He has shown. He has warned you of the enemy that steals into hearts

and stealthily speaks into ears, and thereby misguides and brings about destruction, makes (false) promises and keeps under wrong impression; He represents evil sins in attractive shape, and shows as light even serious crimes. When he has deceived his comrades and exhausted the pledge he begins to find fault with what he presented as good, and considers serious what he had shown as light, and threatens from what he had shown as safe.

[ومنها في صفة خلق الإنسان] أمْ هذا الَّذي أَنْشَأَهُ في ظُلُمَاتِ الأرْحَام، وَشُغُفِ الْاسْتَارِ، نُطْفَةً دفاقاً، وَعَلَقَةً محَاقاً، وَجَنيناً وَرَاضِعاً، وَوَلِيداً وَيَقَصَّرِ مَنْ دَجِراً؛ حَتَّى إِذَا قَامَ اعْتَدَالُهُ، وَاسْتَوَى مَثَالُهُ، وَلِياناً لَافِظاً، وَبَصَراً لاَحظاً، لِيَفْهُمَ مُعْتَبِراً، وَيَقَصَّرِ مَنْ دَجِراً؛ حَتَّى إِذَا قَامَ اعْتَدَالُهُ، وَاسْتَوَى مَثَالُهُ، نَفَى مَشْتُكْبِراً، وَخَبَطَ سَا دِراً، مَاتِحاً فِي غَرْبِ هَوَاهُ، كَا دِحاً سَعْياً لِدُنْيَاه، فِي لذَّاتِ طَرْبِهِ، وَبَدُواتِ أَرْبِهِ؛ لاَ يَحْتَسِبُ رَزِيَّة،

[Part of the same sermon dealing with creation of man] Or look at man whom Allāh has created in the dark wombs and layers of curtains from what was overflowing semen, then shapeless clot, then embryo, then suckling infant, then child and then fully grown up young man. Then He gave him heart with memory, tongue to talk and eye to see with, in order that he may take lesson (from whatever is around him) and understand it and follow the admonition and abstain from evil. When he attained the normal growth and his structure gained its average development he fell in self-conceit and got perplexed. He drew bucketfuls of his desires, got immersed in fulfilling his wishes for pleasures of the world and his (sordid) aims.

وَلاَ يَخْشَعُ تَقِيَّةً؛ فَمَاتَ فِي فَتْنَتِهِ غَرِيراً، وَعَاشَ فِي هَفْوَتِهِ أُسِيراً، لَمْ يُفِدْ عِوَضاً، وَلَمْ يَقْضِ مُفْتَرَضاً. دَهِمَتْهُ فَجَعَاتُ الْمَنيَّةِ فِي غُبَّرِ جِمَاحِه، وَسِنَنِ مِرَاحِه، فَظلِّ سَا دِراً، وِبَاتَ سَاهِراً فِي غَمْرَاتِ الاَّلاَم، وَطُوارِقِ الاَّوْجَاعِ والاِسْقَام، بَيْنَ أَخِ شَقِيقٍ، وَوَالَدِ شَفِيق، وَدَاعِيَة بِالْوِيْلِ جَزَعاً، وَلاَدِمَة لِلصَّدْرِ قَلَقاً. وَالْمَرَ ۚ فِي سَكْرة مُلْهِية، وغَمْرَة كَارِثَة، وأَذَّة موجِعة، وجَدْبُة مُكْرِبة وَسَوْقة مَتْعِبَة.

He did not fear any evil nor got frightened of any apprehension. He died infatuated with his vices. He spent his short life in rubbish pursuits. He earned no reward nor did he fulfil any obligation. Fatal illness overtook him while he was still in his enjoyments and perplexed him. He passed the night in wakefulness in the hardships of griefs and prickings of pains and ailments in the presence of real brother, loving father, wailing mother, crying sister, while he himself was under maddening uneasiness, serious senselessness, fearful cries, suffocating pains, anguish of suffocating sufferings and the pangs of death.

ثُم ۗ أُدْرِجَ فِي أَكْفَانِه مُبْلِساً، وَجُذِبَ مُنْقَاداً سَلِساً، ثُم ۗ أُلْقِيَ عَلَى الْأَعُوا دِ رَجِيعَ وَ صِب، وَنِضْوَ سَقَم، تَحْملُهُ حَفَدَةُ الْولْدَان، وَحَشَدَةُ الْاحْوَان، إِلَى دَارِ غَرْبَتَه، وَمُنْقَطِعَ زَوْرَتَه؛ حَتَّى إِذَا انْصَرَفَ الْمُشَيِّعُ، وَرَجَعَ الْمُتُفَجِّعُ أُقْعَدَ فِي حُفْرَة نَجِيًا لِبَهْتَةِ السُّوَالِ، وَعَثْرَة الْاَمْتَحَانَ. وَأَعْظَمُ مَاهُنَالَكَ بَلِيَةً نَزُلُ الْحَمِيم، وتَصْلِيَةُ الْجَحِيم، وفَوْراتُ السَّعِيرِ، وسوراتُ السَّعِيرِ، لَا فَتْرَةٌ مُرِيحَةٌ، وَلاَ دَعَةٌ مُزِيحَةٌ، وَلاَ سَنَةٌ مُسَلِّيَةٌ، بَيْنَ أَطُوارِ الْمُوتَاتِ، وَعَذَابِ السَّاعاتِ! إِنَّا بِاللهِ عَائِذُونَ!

Thereafter he was clad in the shroud while he remained quiet and thoroughly submissive to others. Then he was placed on planks in such a state that he had been down-trodden by hardships and thinned by ailments. The crowd of youngmen and helping brothers carried him to his house of loneliness where all connections of visitors are severed. Thereafter those who accompanied him went away and those who were wailing for him returned and then he was made to sit in his grave for terrifying questioning and slippery examination. The great calamity of that place is the hot water and entry into Hell, flames of eternal Fire and intensity of blazes. There is no resting period, no gap for ease, no power to intervene, no death to bring about solace and no sleep to make him forget pain. He rather lies under several kinds of deaths and moment-to-moment punishments. We seek refuge with Allāh.

[The lesson to be learnt from those who have passed away] O creatures of Allāh! where are those who were allowed (long) ages to live and they enjoyed bounty. They were taught and they learnt; they were given time and they passed it in vain; they were kept healthy and they forgot (their duty). They were allowed long period (of life), were handsomely provided, were warned of grievous punishment and were promised big rewards. You should avoid sins that lead to destruction and vices that attract wrath (of Allāh).

O people who possess eyes and ears and health and wealth! Is there any place of protection, any shelter of safety, or asylum or haven, or occasion to run away or to come back (to this world)? If not, "how are you then turned away" (Qur'ān, 6:95; 10:34; 35:3; 40:62) and wither are you averting? By what things have you been deceived? Certainly, the share of every one of you from this earth is just a piece of land equal to his own stature and size where he would lie on his cheeks covered with dust. The present is an opportune moment for acting.

O creatures of Allāh, since the neck is free from the loop, and spirit is also unfettered, now you have time for seeking guidance; you are in ease of body; you

can assemble in crowds, the rest of life is before you; you have opportunity of acting by will; there is opportunity for repentance, and peaceful circumstances. (But you should act) before you are overtaken by narrow circumstances and distress, or fear and weakness, before the approach of the awaited death and before seizure by the Almighty, the Powerful.

as-Sayyid ar-Raḍī says: It is related that when Amīr al-mu'minin delivered this sermon people began to tremble, tears flowed from their eyes and their hearts were frightened. Some people call this sermon the Brilliant Sermon (al-Khuṭbatu'l-Gharrā')

Footnote:

[1] Allāh has furnished every creature with natural dress, which is the means of protecting it from cold and heat. Thus, some animals are covered in feathers and some carry apparels of wool on their bodies. But high degree of intelligence of man and the quality of shame and modesty in him demands distinction from other creatures. Consequently, to maintain this distinction he has been taught the ways of covering his body. It was this natural impulse that when Adam was made to give up his dress he began to cover his body with leaves. The Qur'ān says:

So when they tested (of) the tree their shameful things got displayed unto them and they began covering themselves with leaves of the Garden . . . (Qur'ān, 7:22)

This was the punishment awarded for his committing what was better for him to omit. When removal of dress is punishment its putting on would be a favour, and since this is peculiar to man it has been particularly mentioned.

[2] The intention is that Allāh would resurrect all the dead, even though they had been eaten by beasts and been merged in their bodies. Its aim is to refute the view of the philosophers who hold that the resurrection of the non-existent is impossible and who do not therefore believe in the physical resurrection. Their argument briefly is that a thing which has lost existence by death cannot return to life. Consequently, after the destruction of this world the return of any of its beings to life is out of question. But this belief is not correct because dispersal of the parts does not mean its non-existence, so as to say that putting these parts together again would involve resurrection of the non-existent. On the other hand separated and dispersed parts

continue to exist in some form or the other. Of course, in this connection this objection has some force that when every person is to be resurrected in his own form, then in case one person has eaten the other, then in such a case it would be impossible to resurrect either of them with his own constituent parts, since this would involve creating deficiency of parts in that who had eaten the other.

To this metaphysicians have replied that in everybody there are some constituents which are essential and others which are non-essential. The essential constituents remain constant from the beginning till end of life and suffer no change or alteration, and resurrection with regard to such constituents would not create any deficiency in the man who ate the other.