ومن كلام له (عليه السلام) قاله لمَّا اضطرب عليه أ صحابه في أمر الحكومة

When Amīr al-mu'minīn's companions expressed displeasure about his attitude concerning Arbitration, [1] he said:

أَيْهَا النَّاسُ، إِنَّهُ لَمْ يَزِلْ أَمْرِي مَعَكُمْ عَلَى مَا أُحِبٌ، حَتَّى نَهَكَتْكُمُ الْحَرْبُ، وَقَدْ، وَالله أَخْذَتْ مِنْكُمْ وَتَرَكَتْ، وَهِيَ لِعَدُو كُمْ أَنْهَكِ. لَقَدْ كُنْتُ أَمْسَ أَمِيراً، فَأَ صْبَحْتُ الْيَوْمَ مَأْمُوراً! وَكُنْتُ أَمْسِ نَاهِياً، فَأَ صْبَحْتُ الْيوم مَنْهَيَّاً! وَقَدْ أَحْبَبْتُمُ الْبَقَاءَ، وَلَيْسَ لِي أَنْ أَحْمِلَكُمْ عَلَى مَا تَكْرِهُونَ!

O people, matters between me and you went as I wished till war exhausted you. By Allāh, it has overtaken some of you and left others, and has completely weakened your enemy. Till yesterday I was giving orders but today I am being given orders, and till yesterday I was dissuading people (from wrong acts) but today I am being dissuaded. You have now shown liking to live in this world, and it is not for me to bring you to what you dislike.

Footnote :

[1] When the surviving forces of the Syrians lost ground and were ready to run away from the field Mu'āwiyah changed the whole phase of the battle by using the Qur'ān as his instrument of strategy, and succeeded in creating such a division among the Iragis that, despite Amīr al-mu'minīn's efforts at counselling, they were not prepared to take any forward step, but insisted on stopping the war, whereupon Amīr al-mu'minīn too had to agree to arbitration. Among these people some had actually been duped and believed that they were being asked to abide by the Qur'an but there were others who had become weary of the long period of war and had lost courage. Then people got a good opportunity to stop the war, and so they cried hoarse for its postponement. There were others who had accompanied Amir al-mu'minīn because of his temporal authority but did not support him by heart, nor did they aim at victory for him. There were some people who had expectations with Mu'āwiyah, and had started attaching hopes to him for this, while there were some who were, from the very beginning, in league with him. In these circumstances and with this type of the army it was really due to Amīr al-mu'minīn's political ability and competence of military control and administration that he carried the war up to this stage, and if Mu'āwiyah had not adopted this trick there could have been no doubt in Amīr al-mu'minīn's victory because the military power of the Syrian forces had been exhausted and defeat was hovering over its head. In this connection, Ibn Abi'l-Hadīd writes :

Mālik al-Ashtar had reached Muʿāwiyah and grabbed him by the neck. The entire



might of the Syrians had been smashed. Only so much movement was discernable in them as remains in the tail of a lizard which is killed, but the tail continues hopping right and left. (Sharh Nahj al-balāghah, vol. 11, pp. 30-31)